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14	LIMITED STATE	S DISTRICT COLIDT	
15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
16	SANTKANC	DISCO DIVISION	
17	RAUL SIQUEIROS, et al.,	Case No.: 16-cv-07244-EMC	
18	Plaintiffs,	GENERAL MOTORS' PROPOSED	
19	v.	GENERAL VERDICT FORM  Hon. Edward M. Chen	
20	GENERAL MOTORS LLC,	Hon. Edward W. Chen	
21 22	Defendant.		
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24			
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Following the August 26, 2022 Final Pretrial Conference, the parties met and conferred in an attempt to reach agreement on the verdict form, but have not been able to reach agreement. General Motors LLC ("GM") continues to believe that GM's proposed verdict form (ECF No. 445) is a simple, straightforward document that asks the jury whether it has found the elements of each claim and defense by a preponderance of the evidence.

However, if the Court determines that a more streamlined general verdict form is preferable, GM submits its proposed General Verdict Form as the Appendix to this filing. GM's Proposed General Verdict Form is simple, with only three questions for each claim, and it addresses three fundamental flaws in plaintiffs' proposed general verdict form.

First, GM's Proposed General Verdict Form correctly accounts for the burden of proof and clearly directs the jury to state whether it finds that the party with the burden of proof has proven the claim or affirmative defense by a preponderance of the evidence.

Second, GM's Proposed General Verdict Form correctly includes GM's affirmative defenses under the applicable statutes of limitations and the tolling doctrines plaintiffs must establish to prevail on untimely claims. Plaintiffs' proposed form omits GM's affirmative defenses entirely, but the jury must submit its finding on these issues.

Third, GM's proposed Verdict Form correctly asks the jury whether it finds the elements of each claim with respect to "all" class members. GM submits the law is clear that plaintiffs at trial must prove the elements of their claims for all members of the certified class. Instructing the jury to allow class-wide relief when plaintiffs only meet their burden for some, but not all, class members would violate Rule 23 and The Rules Enabling Act, and would contravene Supreme Court precedent. See 28 U.S.C. § 2075(b); TransUnion LLC v. Ramirez, 141 S. Ct. 2190, 2208 (2021) ("Article III does not give federal courts the power to order relief to any uninjured plaintiff, class action or not.") (citation omitted); Amchem Prods., Inc. v. Windsor, 521 U.S. 591, 613 (1997) ("Rule 23's requirements must be interpreted in keeping with Article III constraints, and with the Rules Enabling Act, which instructs that rules of procedure 'shall not abridge, enlarge or modify any substantive right[.]"") (citation omitted).

1	Accordingly, GM respectfully requests that the Court adopt its proposed general Verdict Form.	
2		
3		
4	DATED: September 9, 2022	Respectfully submitted,
5	5	
6	5	/s/ April N. Ross
7	7	Kathleen Taylor Sooy ( <i>pro hac vice</i> ) April N. Ross ( <i>pro hac vice</i> )
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26	5	
27	7	
28	3	

CROWELL & MORING LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1	<u>APPENDIX</u>			
2				
3	VERDICT FORM			
4	BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY UNDER			
5	CALIFORNIA SONG-BEVERLY CONSUMER WARRANTY ACT			
6				
7	1. Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven all elements			
8	of this claim for Plaintiff Tarvin and all other California Class members?			
9	YES			
10	NO NO			
11	110			
12	If you answered "yes" to Question #1, answer Question #2, below. If you answered "no" to			
13	Question #1, skip Questions #2 and #3, and proceed to Question # 4, below.			
14	Question "1, skip Questions "2 and "3, and proceed to Question " 4, below.			
15	2. What amount do you find (if any), by a preponderance of the evidence, to be the economic			
16				
17				
18	warranty under the Song-Beverly Warranty Act?			
19	\$			
20	If you awarded any damages, proceed to Question #3, below.			
21	if you awarded any damages, proceed to Question #3, below.			
22	2 De seus Coul les announts de CM			
23	3. Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven that GM			
24	actively and fraudulently concealed a material fact that tolls the statute of limitations?			
25	YES			
26	NO			
27				
28				

## 1 **BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF** 2 MERCHANTABILITY UNDER NORTH CAROLINA LAW 3 4 4. Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven all elements 5 of this claim for Plaintiff Davis and all other North Carolina Class members? 6 YES 7 NO 8 9 If you answered "yes" to Question #4, answer Question #5, below. If you answered "no" to 10 Question #4, skip Questions #5 and #6, and proceed to Question #7, below. 11 12 5. What amount do you find (if any), by a preponderance of the evidence, to be the economic 13 damages of each member of the North Carolina Class, including Plaintiff Davis, for breach of 14 implied warranty of merchantability under North Carolina law? 15 16 17 If you awarded any damages, proceed to Question #6, below. 18 19 Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven that GM 6. 20 actively and fraudulently concealed a material fact that tolls the statute of limitations? 21 YES 22 NO 23 24 25 26

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1	VIOLATION OF THE IDAHO CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT	
2		
3 4	7. Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven all elements	
5	of this claim for Plaintiff Del Valle and all other Idaho Class members?	
6	YES	
7	NO	
8	If you answered "yes" to Question #7, answer Question #8, below. If you answered "no" to Question #7, there are no further questions.	
10 11	8. What amount do you find (if any), by a preponderance of the evidence, to be the economic	
12	damages of each member of the Idaho Class, including Plaintiff Del Valle, for violation of the Idaho	
13 14	Consumer Protection Act?	
15	\$	
16 17	If you awarded any damages, proceed to Question #9, below.	
18	9. Do you find, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Plaintiffs have proven that Plaintiff	
19	Del Valle and all other Idaho Class members did not know, and through the exercise of reasonable	
20	diligence could not have known, that their claim might exist before December 19, 2014?	
21	YES	
22	NO	
23		
24		
25		
26 27		
<i>41</i>		

28